

where, in Figure 1, R_1 - R_7 are independently H, F, (C1-C8)alkyl, (C1-C8)fluoroalkyl, etc but at least one of R_1 - R_6 has the pendant oxyAOCA functionality described in structure 1, or an alcohol functionality which can be capped to give the unit of structure 1.

Figure 1: Generic structures for the norbornene-based monomer

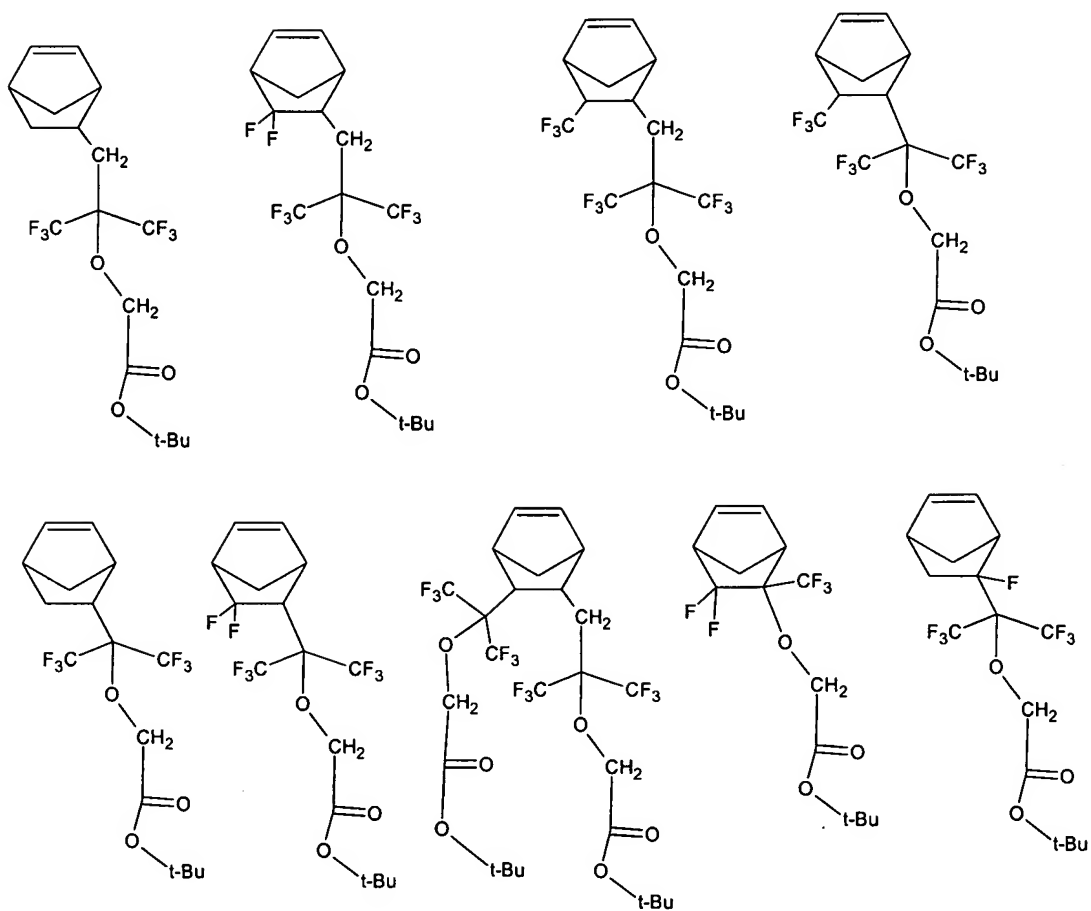
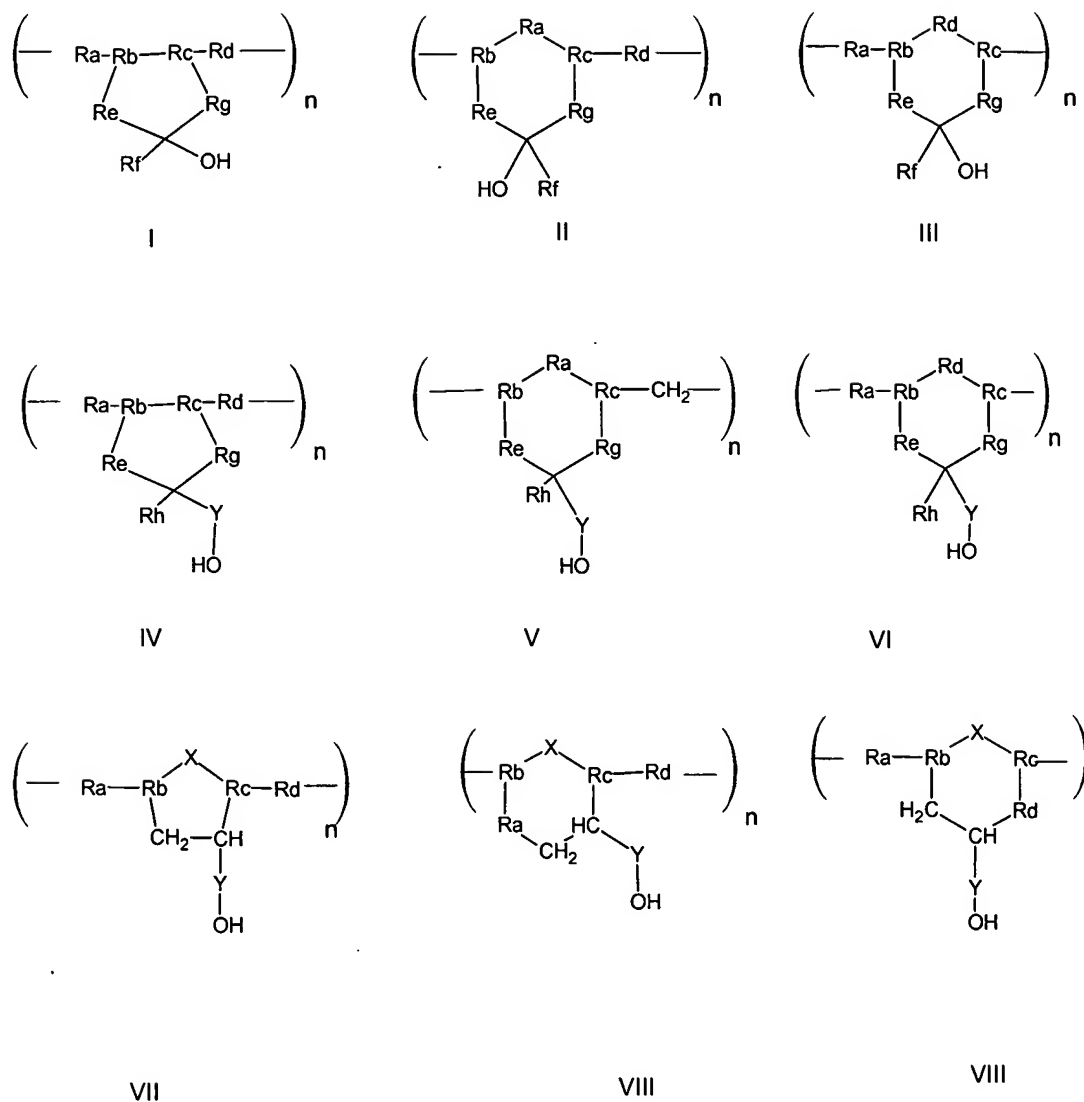


Figure 2 Examples of BOCME protected norbornene monomers



Rf = fluoroalkyl group C1-C8

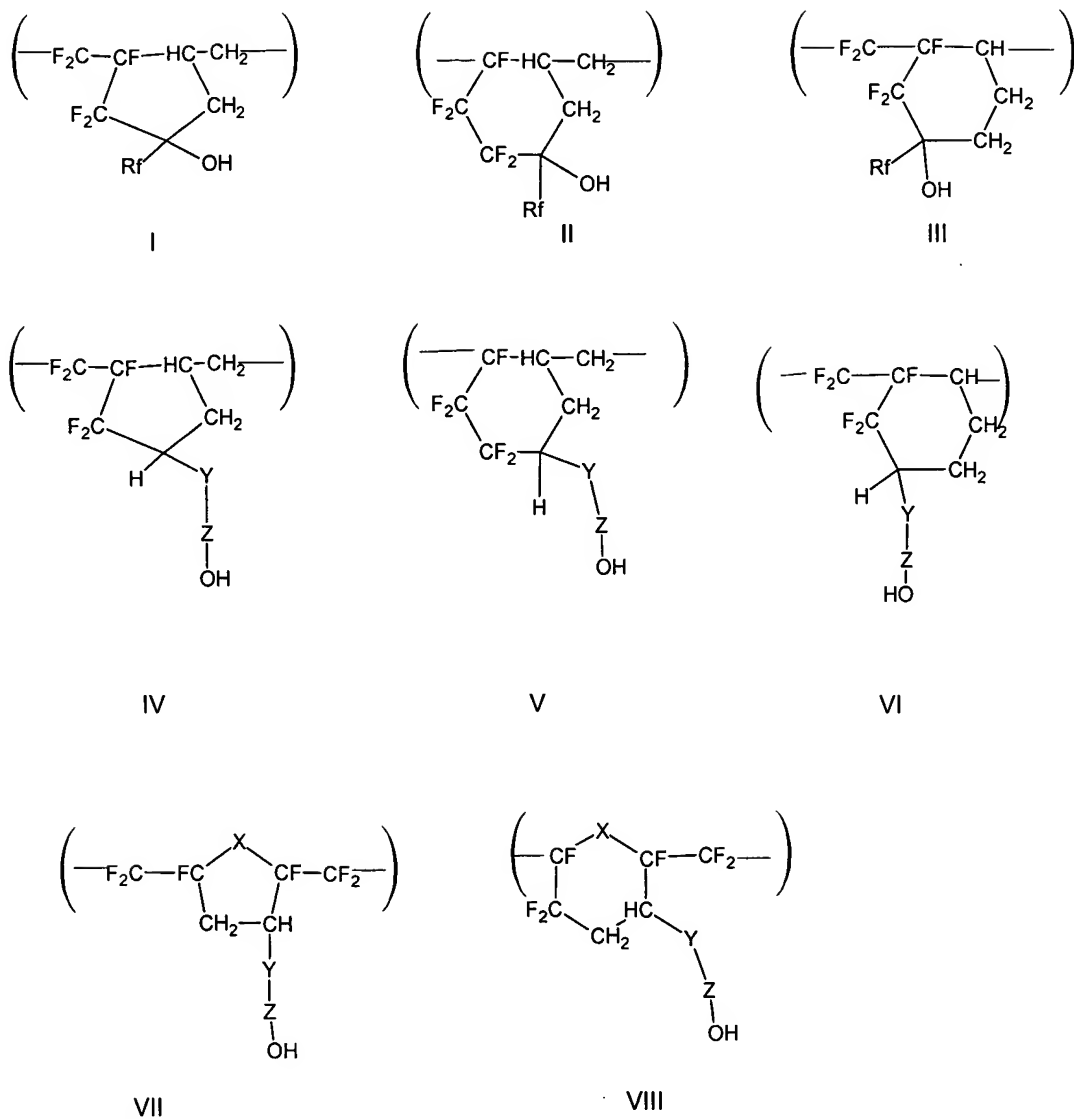
Y = alkyl or fluoroalkyl spacer group (C1-C8)

Ra, Rb, Rc, Rd, Re, Rg, Rh = alkyl,
fluoroalkyl or fluorocycloalkyl,

X = CF₂, O

Also, Ra-Re and Rg can be substituted
with alkyl, fluoroalkyl, cycloalkyl,
fluorocycloalkyl or with a
spirofluoroalkyl or spiroalkyl substituent

Figure 3 Generic monocyclic polymers having pendant hydroxy groups



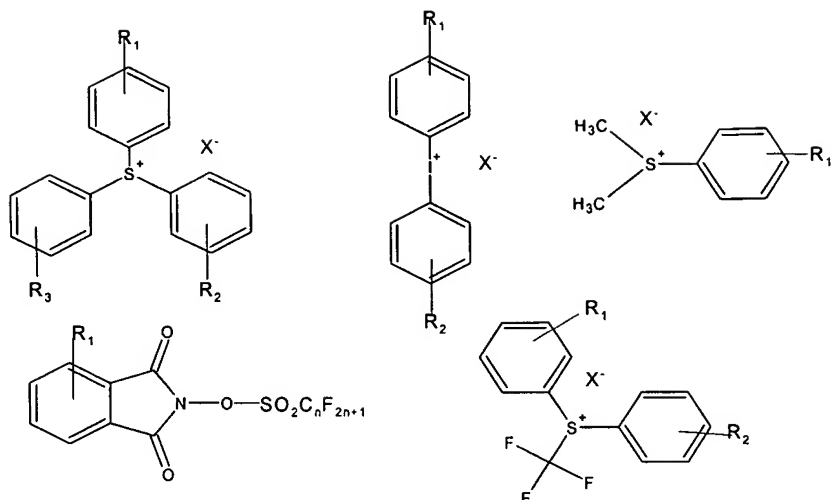
Rf = fluoroalkyl group C1-C8

Y = alkyl or fluoroalkyl spacer group C0-C8

Z = CF₂, C(C_nF_{2n+1})₂, C(C_nF_{2n+1})(C_nH_{2n+1}),
n=1-12

X = CF₂, O

Figure 4 Partially fluorinated monocyclic polymers having pendant alcohol groups



R_1, R_2, R_3 are independently alkyl, fluoroalkyl, F, OC_nH_{2n+1} , OC_nF_{2n+1} , CO_2 -tert-Bu, OCH_2-CO_2 -tert-Bu $n=1-4$, OCH_2OCH_3

X^- = Anion of non-nucleophilic strong acid eg $^{-}OSO_2C_nF_{2n+1}$; AsF_6^- , SbF_6^- , $N(SO_2C_nF_{2n+1})_2^-$; $C(SO_2C_nF_{2n+1})_3^-$

Figure 5 Examples of Photoactive Compounds

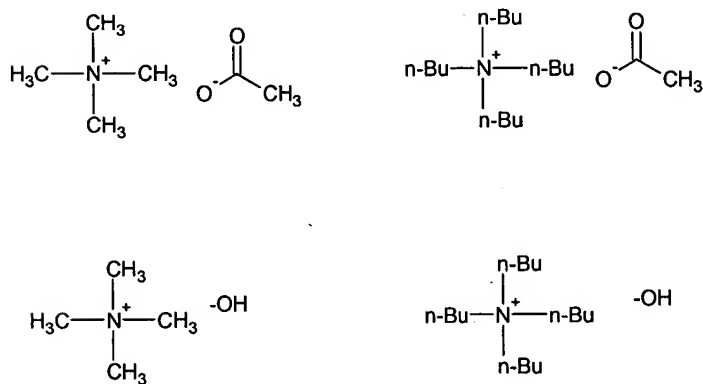


Figure 6 Examples of suitable ammonium bases

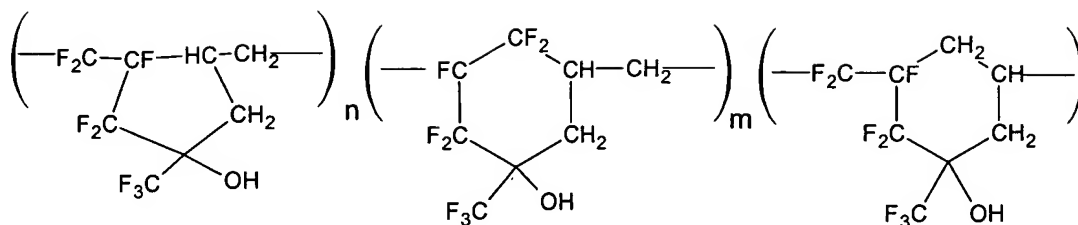


Figure7 PPTHH poly(1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoro-4-trifluoromethyl-4-hydroxy-1,6-heptadiene) which is a mixture of 5 and 6 membered rings

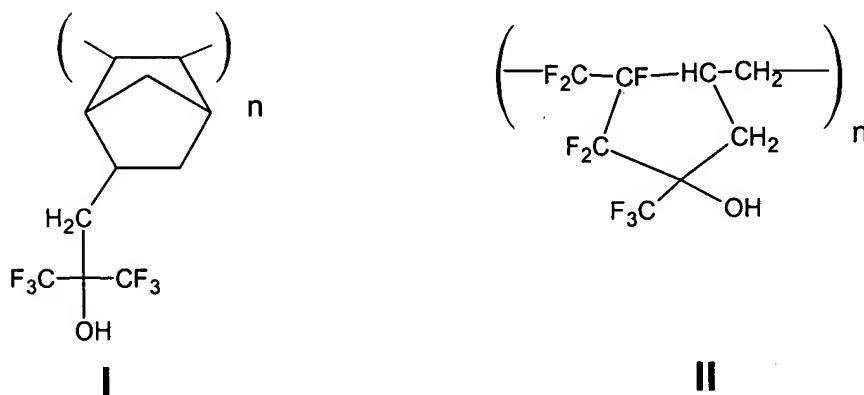


Figure 8 Fluoroacohol polymers made from polymerization of either alicyclic moieties (I) or fluorinated dienes (II)